UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

2022 FEB 17 AM 9: 07

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

DEPUTY CLERK. § KIMBERLY STARLING, Plaintiff, **Civil Action No. 3:21-CV-818-S** v. KEYCITY CAPITAL, LLC and TIE LASATER, Defendant(s).

RETURN OF SERVICE

Came to my hand on Tuesday, February 8, 2022 at 2:25 PM, Executed at: 1100 LAKE CAROLYN PARKWAY, PARKING GARAGE, IRVING, TX 75039 at 3:30 PM, on Friday, February 11, 2022, by individually and personally delivering to the within named:

KELLY PINN

a true copy of this

SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION

and tendered a witness fee of \$55.00 in Cash for one day's attendance and mileage allowed by law, per FRCP 45(b)(1).

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Brian K. Lewis who after being duly sworn on oath states: "My name is Brian K. Lewis. I am a person not less than eighteen (18) years of age and I am competent to make this oath. I am a resident of the State of Texas. I have personal knowledge of the facts and statements contained herein and aver that each is true and correct. I am not a party to nor related or affiliated with any party to this suit. I have no interest in the outcome of the suit. I have never been convicted of a felony or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude. I am familiar with the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, and the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Codes as they apply to service of process. I am certified by the Judicial Branch Certification Commission to deliver citations and other notices from any District, County and Justice Courts in and for the State of Texas in compliance with rule 103 and 501.2 of the TRCP.

By:

Brian K. Lewis - PSC 10485 - Exp 08/31/23

served@specialdelivery.com

Subscribed and Sworn to by Brian K. Lewis, Before Me, the undersigned authority, on this 15TH day of February, 2022.



Notary Public in and for the State of Texas

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Northern District of Texas

	Northern Distr	ict of	i exas		
	Plaintiff V. tal, LLC and Tie Lasater Defendant)))	Civil Action No.	3:21-cv-818-s	
	SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A D	EPOS	ITION IN A CIV	VIL ACTION	
To:	KELLY PINN, 1100 Lake Caroly	yn Pkv	vy, Apt. 5041, Irvii	ng, TX 75039	
v , *	(Name of person to wh	om this	subpoena is directed,)	
deposition to be taken party serving this subp	OU ARE COMMANDED to appear a in this civil action. If you are an organ poena about the following matters, or the tors, or managing agents, or designate	ization hose se	n, you must prom et forth in an attac	ptly confer in good hment, and you mu	faith with the st designate one
Place: Cochran Law 8140 Walnut Dallas, Texas	Hill Ln, Ste. 250		Date and Time:	03/09/2022 9:00 am	ı
The deposition	n will be recorded by this method:	ourt st	enographer and v	ideographer	
☐ Production: Yelectronically material:	You, or your representatives, must also stored information, or objects, and mu	bring st perr	with you to the d nit inspection, cop	eposition the follow bying, testing, or sa	ring documents, mpling of the
Rule 45(d), relating to	g provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are at your protection as a person subject to ena and the potential consequences of r	a subp	ooena; and Rule 4.	ating to the place of 5(e) and (g), relating	compliance; g to your duty to
Date: 02/07/2022	CLERK OF COURT		OR	/s/ Stuart Coch	ıran
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Cler	·k		Attorney's signat	ure
The name, address, e-r	mail address, and telephone number of _asater	the at		g (name of party)	KeyCity ibpoena, are:
•	hran Law, PLLC, 8140 Walnut Hill Ln,	Ste. 2	50 Dallas, Texas	75231	

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

AO 88A (Rev. 12/20) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 3:21-cv-818-s

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

,	•					
☐ I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named individual as follows:						
		on (date) ; or				
☐ I returned the s	subpoena unexecuted because:					
		States, or one of its officers or agents, e, and the mileage allowed by law, in the				
\$	· .					
ees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00			
	nalty of perjury that this information	is true.				
	nalty of perjury that this information	is true. Server's signature				
I declare under pe	nalty of perjury that this information TURN / AFFIDAVIT PROOF / ATTACHED					

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

AO 88A (Rev. 12/20) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action (Page 3)

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person

(i) is a party or a party's officer; or

- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.
- (2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:
- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
 - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.